


Clave

 PrepaTec Departamento de ciencias PrepaTec Toluca Tecnológico de Monterrey	Energy & Transformation PC 6046 Grupo:	Professor: Alejandro Portales
	Partial Exam	February 14, 2022
	Name:	
	ID:	
	C	
Points		

1) Find the angles and magnitude of the following vector

$$A = (15, -19, 28) \quad \|A\| = 37.01$$

$$\theta_x = 66.09^\circ$$

$$\theta_y = 126.88^\circ$$

$$\theta_z = 40.83^\circ$$

2) Find the cross and dot product of the following two vectors.

$$A = (9, 13, -9) \quad B = (-10, 7, 8)$$

$$A \times B = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ 9 & 13 & -9 \\ -10 & 7 & 8 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$A \cdot B = -71$$

$$\hat{i} = 167\hat{i}$$

$$\hat{j} = -18\hat{j}$$

$$\hat{k} = 193\hat{k}$$

$$A \times B = 167\hat{i} - 18\hat{j} + 193\hat{k}$$

3) Find the angle between the two given vectors

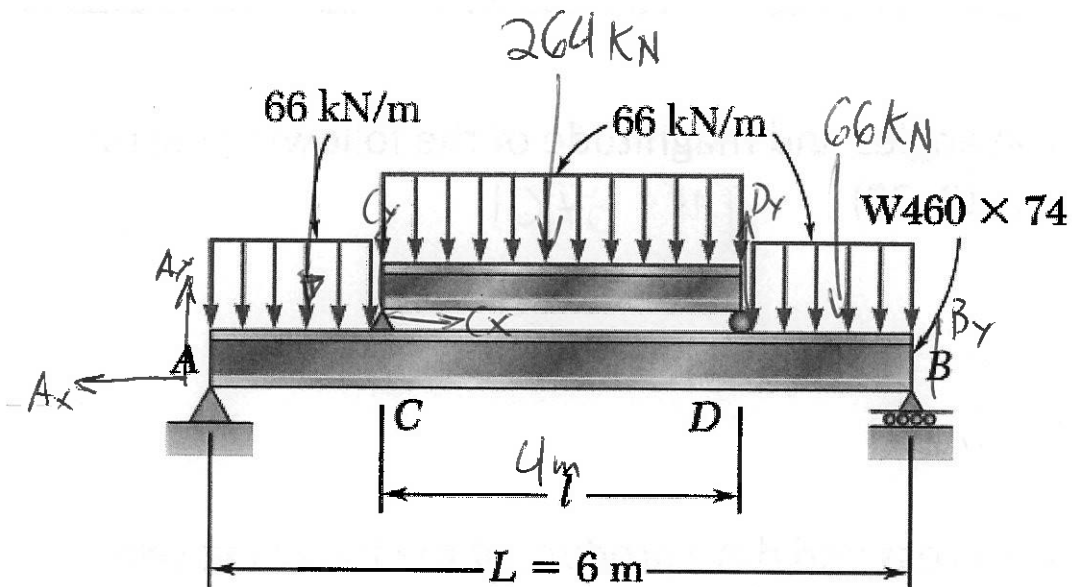
$$A = (17, 3, -8) \quad B = (9, -15, 6)$$

$$A \cdot B = 60$$

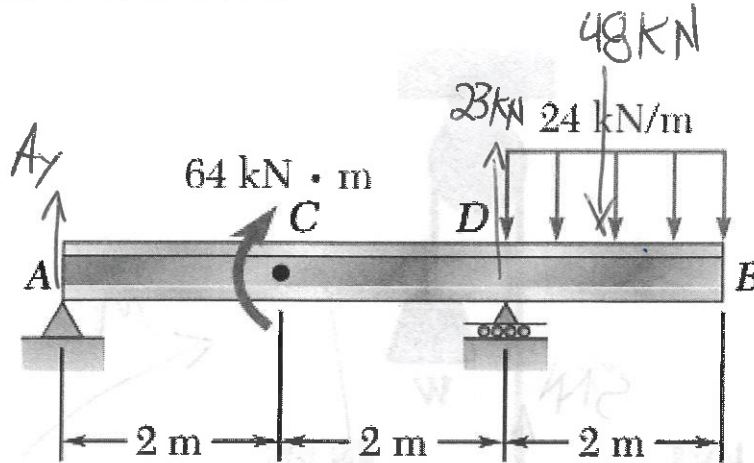
$$A \cdot B = \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{A \cdot B}{\|A\| \cdot \|B\|} \right) \quad \frac{60}{\dots} = 80.18^\circ$$

$$\angle A B = 99.81^\circ$$

- 4) Draw the complete FBD for the following exercise, showing the resultant forces made by the distributed force, and the reaction force of the two supports (just the vector). $L = 4\text{ m}$



- 5) If the addition of moments in C = 64 kN·m, and the reaction force in D = 23 kN. How much and with what direction is the resultant force in A?



$$\sum M_c = -64 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m}$$

$$-A_y(2) + 23(2) - 48(3) = -64$$

$$-A_y(2) - 98 = -64$$

$$-A_y(2) = -64 + 98$$

~~$$-A_y(2)$$~~

$$+ A_y(2) = -34$$

$$A_y =$$

$$A_y = -17$$

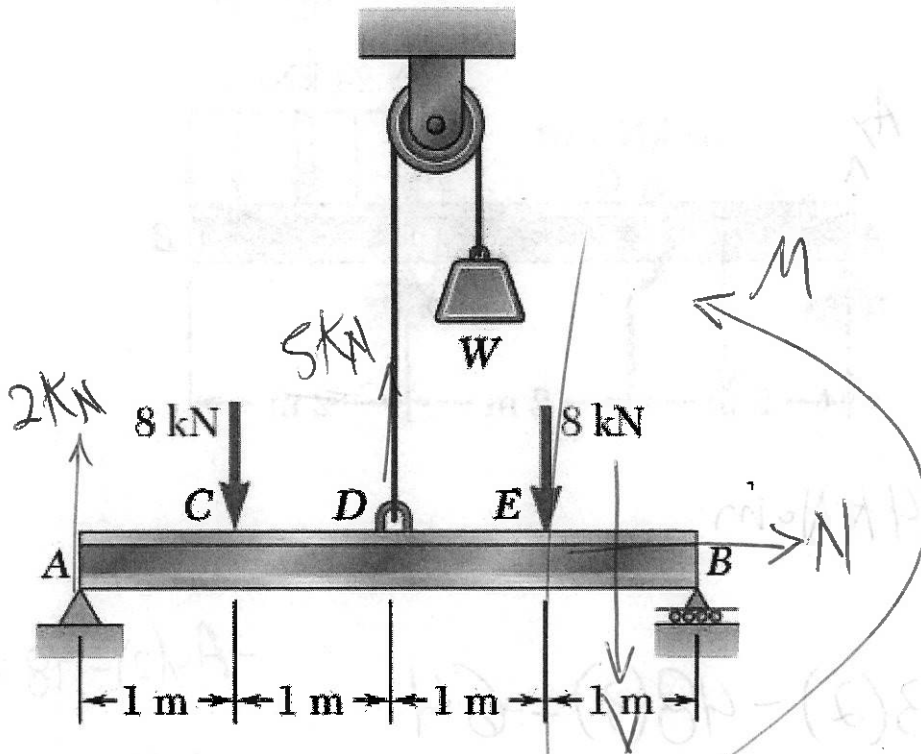
$$-A_y(2) = 64 + 98$$

$$A_y(2) = -162$$

$$A_y = 81 \text{ kN} \downarrow$$

$$A_y = -81 \text{ kN}$$

6) Assume the reaction in A is equal to 2kN and $W=5\text{KN}$, calculate normal, shear and momentum in E of the following figure.



$$\sum F_x = 0$$

$$\boxed{N = 0}$$

$$\sum F_y = 0$$

$$2 - 8 + 5 - 8 - V = 0$$

$$\boxed{V = -9 \text{ kN}}$$

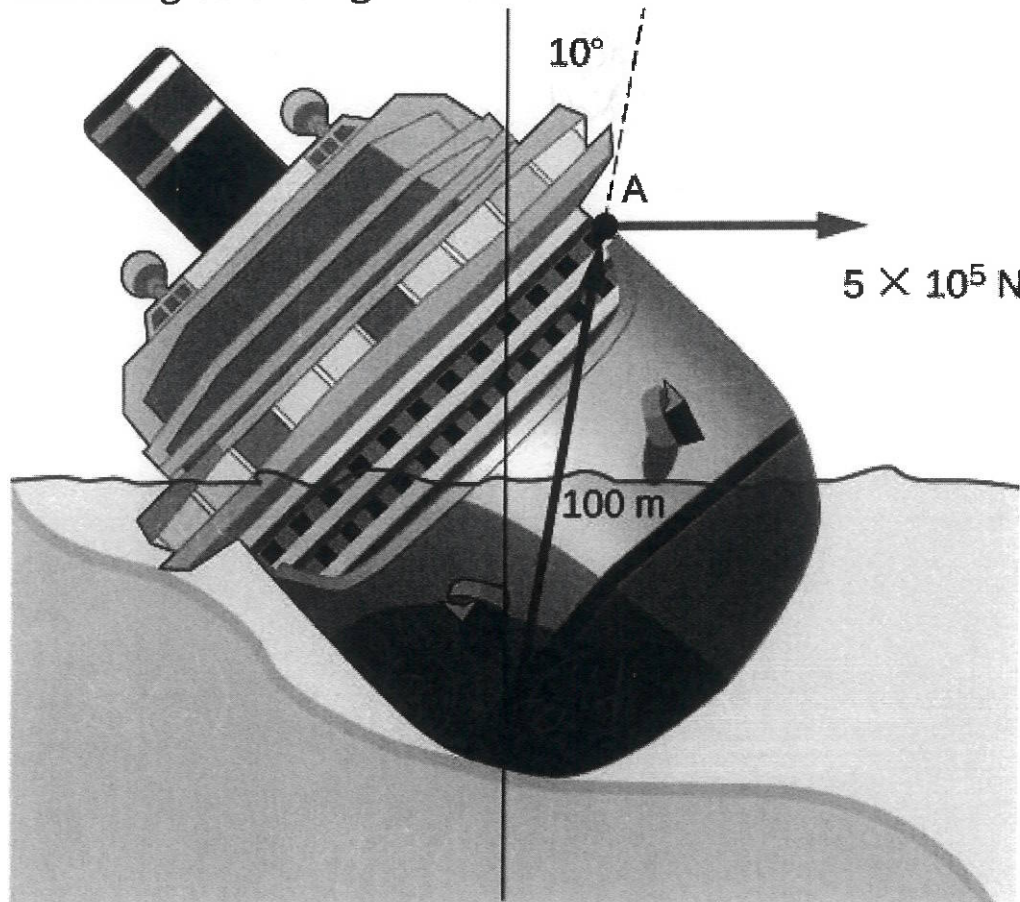
$$\sum M_E = 0$$

$$-2(3) + 8(2) - 5(1) - M = 0$$

$$\boxed{M = 5 \text{ Nm}}$$

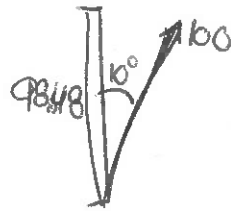
EXTRA (5pts)

7) Calculate the total torque generated to set the ship free according to the figure below



$$100 \cos(10^\circ) = 98.48 \text{ m}$$

$$5 \times 10^5 (98.48)$$



$$\underline{\underline{49.24 \times 10^6 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}}}$$

